

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 1971

Asvina 30, 1893 (Saka)

THE SMALL COINS (OFFENCES) ORDINANCE, 1971

No. 15 of 1971

Promulgated by the President in the Twenty-second
Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance to provide for the prevention of melting or destruction of small coins, hoarding of small coins for the purpose of melting or destruction thereof, and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Whereas an acute shortage of small coins has been felt in the country and it is necessary, in the interests of the general public, to take steps to relieve such shortage;

And Whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now, Therefore, in exercise of powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) This Ordinance may be called the Small Coins (Offences) Ordinance, 1971.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.— In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "mint" means a mint of the Government of India;

(b) "small coin" means any coin of the value of less than one rupee, which is legal tender under the Indian Coinage Act, 1906.

3 of 1906.

3. Prohibition on melting or destruction of small coins.— (1) No person shall—

(a) melt or destroy any small coin, or

(b) have in his possession, custody or control—

(i) any melted coin, whether in the molten state or in a solid state, or

(ii) small coins substantially in excess of his reasonable requirements in such circumstances as to indicate that he is having the possession, custody of such small coins for the purpose of melting or destroying such small coins.

Explanation.—For the purpose of determining the reasonable requirements of small coins of a person, due regard shall be had to—

(i) his total daily requirements of small coins,

(ii) the nature of his business, occupation or profession,

(iii) the mode of his acquisition of small coins, and

(iv) the manner in which, and the place at which, such small coins are being possessed, held or controlled by him.

(2) Whoever is found to be in the possession of any metal, which contain alloys in the same proportions in which they have been used in the manufacture of any small coin, shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to have contravened the provisions of sub-section (1).

(3) Nothing in this section shall apply to the melting of any coin by the mint.

4. Penalty for contravention of section 3.— Whoever contravenes any provision of sub-section (1) of section 3 without any reasonable excuse, the burden of proving of which shall lie on such person, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term of not less than three months but not more than five years.

5. Offences by companies.— (1) Where an offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of its business, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any person liable to punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where any offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to, any neglect on the part of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager,

secretary or other officer shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation. — For the purposes of this section, —

(a) "company" means any body corporate and includes a firm, society or other association of individuals; and

(b) "director", —

(i) in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm,

(ii) in relation to a society or other association of individuals, means the person who is entrusted, under the rules of the society or other association, with the management of the affairs of the society or other association, as the case may be.

6. Offences to be cognizable, bailable and not compoundable. — Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, offences against this Ordinance shall be cognizable and bailable but shall not be compoundable. 5 of 1898.

7. Offences may be tried summarily. — Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, offences against this Ordinance may be tried summarily by a Magistrate of the first class. 5 of 1898.

8. Forfeiture. — Any small coin or metal in relation to which any offence against this Ordinance has been committed shall be forfeited to Government.

9. Provisions of Act 20 of 1958 not to apply to offences under this Ordinance. — Nothing in the Probation of Offenders Act 1958, shall apply to any offence against this Ordinance.

V. V. GIRI,
President.

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Local Self Government Department

Notification

3-124-71-LSG

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the section 308 read with sections 104, 199 & 203 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipalities Act, 1968 (No. 7 of 1969) and all other powers enabling him in that behalf and in supersession of all existing bye-laws in so far as they relate to matters covered by these bye-laws, the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby make the following Model bye-laws and publish the same for guidance of Municipal Councils.

Short title: These Bye-laws may be called the Drainage Tax Bye-laws, 1971.

Definitions: In these Bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires —

- (1) "Act" means the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipalities Act, 1968;
- (2) "Section" means a section of the Act;
- (3) "Tax" means the Drainage Tax levied under bye-law 1;
- (4) All other words and expressions shall be deemed to have been used in the same sense in which they have been used in the Act.

Bye-law 1. (1) The Tax shall be levied at % of the rateable value of the building or land within the Municipal area which are actually connected or deemed to be connected with the Municipal Drainage System.

(2) A premises and every tenement therein, and, in the case of Mills and Factories all buildings and lands within the premises of such Mills or Factories, shall be deemed to be connected with the Municipal Drainage System when a drainage line is laid within 50 metres of any land or building, unless the connection is refused by the Chief Officer on any ground other than non-compliance by the owner of the conditions imposed for granting connection.

Explanation. — The rateable value has the meaning attached to that expression in section 110 of the Act.

Bye-law 2. The tax shall not be levied in respect of the following building and lands: —

- (1) Those belonging to the Municipal Council, Village Panchayat and other public or co-operative institutions, except those that have been rented.
- (2) Those devoted to public religious, charitable and education purposes.
- (3) Building or lands the annual rent of which is not more than rupees.

Bye-law 3. The tax shall be recovered in two instalments in advance, (1) on the 1st June and (2) on the 1st December every year. In the case of a connection with the Municipal drain made any time after the beginning of the year or half year, the full amounts of yearly or half-yearly tax shall be levied.

Bye-law 4. The tax shall be levied from the persons specified in section 121 of the Act.

Bye-law 5. Remissions of the Tax may be made to any extent by the Council in cases in which it is satisfied that the recovery of the amount proposed for remission would entail undue hardship on a poor person.

Bye-law 6. Remissions under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (2) of section 123 of the Act, shall ordinarily not be granted for vacancies for less than ninety consecutive days and shall not exceed one-half or be less than one-sixth of the amount of the annual tax or of the instalment of the tax on the building or land:

Provided that no such remission shall be granted unless notice in writing of the fact of the building or land being vacant has been given to the Chief

Officer and that no remission shall take effect for any period previous to the day of the delivery of such notice.

Note. — A Building which is not absolutely vacant i. e. which contains any furniture or other kit, or which is kept ready for occupation shall not be deemed to be vacant under section 123 of the Act, even if it is otherwise unoccupied.

Bye-law 7. A person transferring to another the ownership of a building or land or in any manner ceasing to be the owner thereof shall nevertheless continue to be liable to pay the tax unless Notice in writing of the transfer or cessation of ownership has been given to the Chief Officer.

Bye-law 8. The assessment, demand, and collection registers in respect of the tax shall be maintained in the forms prescribed by the Council.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

P. S. Bhatnagar, Secretary, (Revenue).

Panaji, 9th November, 1971.

Notification

3-124-71-LSG

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 308 read with sections 104 and 105 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipalities Act, 1968 (No. 7 of 1969) and all other powers enabling it in that behalf the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following Model Bye-laws and publish the same for the guidance of the Municipal Councils:

Short Title. — These Bye-laws may be called the Dog Tax Bye-laws 1971.

Definitions. — In these Bye-laws unless the context otherwise require —

(1) "Act" means the Maharashtra Municipalities Act, 1965;

(2) "Section" means a section of the Act;

(3) "Tax" means the Tax on Dogs levied by the Council under bye-law 4;

(4) All other words and expressions shall be deemed to have been used in the sense in which they have been used in the Act.

Bye-law 1. In these Bye-laws a dog shall include a bitch and all pups of the age of six months or more.

Bye-law 2. A tax of Rs. shall be levied on every dog kept within the Municipal area:

Provided that no Tax shall be levied in respect of dogs belonging to bonafide travellers passing through the Municipal area or casual residents staying within the Municipal area for not more than 30 days at a time. Similarly dogs kept in a charitable hospital for animals or in a Panjarapole shall

be exempted from the tax during the period of their confinement therein.

Bye-law 3. Every owner or person (except those specified in the proviso to Bye-law 2 having in possession or in charge of a dog, shall pay, on demand, to the Chief Officer or any other Municipal employee authorised in this behalf, the amount of Dog tax prescribed in Bye-law 2 and obtain from him a pass in the form in Schedule B.

Bye-law 4. Every owner or person having in possession or charge a dog liable for the levy of Dog tax, shall as soon as the Dog comes into his possession or charge submit a return to the Chief Officer in the form set forth in Schedule A to those Bye-laws. The amount of tax, prescribed by Bye-law 2, shall be sent with the return.

Bye-law 5. On receipt of the return with the tax the Chief Officer shall issue to the owner of the dog a pass in the form in Schedule B along with a brass badge, with a number and date and shall charge 25 paise for the same. The brass badge so issued shall be fixed in the collar of the dog or suspended from the neck of the dog in respect of which the tax is paid.

Bye-law 6. If in the course of the year the badge is lost the Chief Officer shall on application from the owner or person having the dog in his possession or control, issue a new badge on payment of 25 paise, after satisfying himself that no misuse is intended thereby.

Bye-law 7. If at any time during the course of the year for which the pass has been issued in respect of a dog, such dog changes ownership, no tax shall be payable for the remaining period of the year, and the name of the person to whom the possession of the dog has been transferred, shall on his application be substituted in place of the original owner.

Bye-law 8. Any person giving information to the Chief Officer as to the possession by any person of an unlicensed dog, may be given a reward at the discretion of the Chief Officer, of 25 paise for each such dog.

Bye-law 9. The demand and collection registers in respect of the Tax shall be maintained in such forms as may be prescribed by the Council.

Bye-law 10. The Chief Officer shall make arrangement for the issue of an exemption pass to any person who has been exempted from the payment of the tax.

SCHEDULE A

(Bye-law 4)

To

The Chief Officer,
..... Municipal Council,

Sir,

I hereby inform you that I have kept a dog/dogs of the description given below in the Municipal area.

I forward herewith an amount of Rs. ... on account of annual tax for the dog.

Description of the Dog:

1. Sex
2. Age
3. Breed
4. Colour

Signature
Name
Address

SCHEDULE B
(Bye-laws 3 and 5)

From:

The Chief Officer,
.....Municipal Council,
.....

Sir,

You are hereby permitted to keep within the area of the Municipal Council, ..., a dog/dogs of the following description as given in your intimation. The brass badge issued to you herewith shall always be fixed to the collar of the dog.

Description of the Dog

1. Sex
2. Age
3. Breed
4. Colour

2. You are hereby enjoined to produce the dog and badge for inspection on demand by the Chief Officer or his authorised representative.

Municipal Office:

Date:

Chief Officer,
... Municipal Council.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

P. S. Bhatnagar, Secretary, (Revenue).

Panaji, 9th November, 1971.

Notification

3-124-71-LSG

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 308 read with sections 104 and 105 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipalities Act, 1968 (No. 7 of 1969) and all other powers enabling him in that behalf the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following Model Bye-laws and publish the same for the guidance of the Municipal Councils:

Short title.— These Bye-laws may be called the Vehicles, Boats and Animals tax bye-laws, 1971.

Definitions.— In these Bye-laws unless the context otherwise requires, —

- (1) "Act" means the Goa, Daman and Diu Municipalities Act, 1968;
- (2) "Section" means a section of the Act;
- (3) "Tax" means the tax on vehicles, animals and boats imposed under bye-law 1;
- (4) "Vehicle" shall not include a motor vehicle as defined in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939;

(5) All other words and expressions shall be deemed to have been used in the same sense in which they have been used in the Act.

Bye-law 1. A tax at the rates specified in the Schedule appended to these Bye-laws shall be levied on all vehicles, animals and boats, used for riding, draught or burden and kept for use within the Municipal area whether they are actually kept within or outside such area.

Bye-law 2. The following vehicles, animals and boats shall be exempt from the tax:—

(1) Vehicles, animals or boats belonging to the Council, or a Co-operative Society registered or deemed to be registered under the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 as applied to the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu.

(2) Vehicles, animals or boats belonging to Government and used or intended to be used for public purposes and not for purposes of profit.

(3) Vehicles, animals or boats used or intended to be used exclusively for the conveyance of the injured, sick or dead free of charge.

(4) Vehicles, animals or boats in transit and kept in the Municipal area not longer than a fortnight.

(5) Carts and draught animals used for agricultural purposes and belonging to agriculturists residing within the Municipal area who have satisfied the Council that they are bonafide agriculturists and have obtained from the Chief Officer on payment of 25 Paise as fee at the beginning of the official year or as soon as any such vehicle or animal has been brought into use, a tin-plate with a number, and fixed it to a conspicuous part of the vehicle or hung it round the neck of the animal as a proof of the vehicle or animal intended for agricultural work.

(6) Animals used for drawing vehicles on which the tax has been paid.

(7) Children's parambulators and tricycles.

Bye-law 3. (1) Every person who owns or has in his possession or control any vehicle, animal or boat in respect of which the tax is leviable shall within fifteen days of his becoming the owner or his obtaining possession or control of such vehicle, animal or boat give notice in writing to the Chief Officer of the fact that he has become the owner or has obtained possession or control of such vehicle, animal or boat as the case may be.

(2) Every person who ceases to own or have in his possession or control any vehicle, animal or boat in respect of which the tax is leviable shall give notice in writing to the Chief Officer of the fact that he has ceased to own or have in his possession or control such vehicle, animal or boat. Such person shall in addition to any other penalty to which he may be liable, continue to be liable for the payment of the tax leviable from time to time in respect of such vehicle, animal or boat, until he gives notice:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to diminish the liability of the person who becomes primarily responsible to pay the tax owing to the transfer.

Explanation.—For the purposes of these Bye-laws, the person in whose name, a vehicle, animal or boat has been registered under the provisions of any law for the time being in force may until the contrary is proved, be presumed to be the owner or the person who is in possession or control of such vehicle, animal or boat, as the case may be.

Bye-law 4. (1) The tax shall be levied half-yearly and shall become payable in advance on the first days of April and October every year.

(2) If in any half year a vehicle, animal or boat, becomes liable to the tax, such tax shall be leviable thereon from the earliest day in the half year in which such vehicle, animal or boat so becomes liable, and the amount of the tax leviable for the half year shall be, if such earliest day occurs, —

- (a) in the first two months of the half year, the whole tax for such half year;
- (b) in the third or fourth month of such half year, two-thirds of the tax for such half year;
- (c) in the last two months of such half year, one-third of the tax for such half-year;

Provided that no tax shall be leviable for the half year if such earliest day occurs within the last fifteen days of such half year.

Bye-law 5. (1) The Chief Officer may issue to every person who pays the tax in respect of any class of vehicles, animals or boats, a token or badge or disc indicating the period for which the tax has been paid and such token, badge or disc shall at all times —

- (i) be displayed prominently on the vehicle or boat in respect of which the tax has been paid; or
- (ii) be attached to the collar or otherwise suspended from the neck of the animal in respect of which the tax is paid.

(2) When such token, badge or disc has been issued in respect of any class of vehicles, animals or boats, any vehicle, boat or animal of that class found within the Municipal area without such token, badge or disc may, if there is reason to believe that such vehicle, boat or animal is liable to the tax, be seized by any Municipal Officer authorised in this behalf and detained.

(3) If any person, within one month of the seizure of such vehicle, animal or boat under clause (2), establishes his claim hereto to the satisfaction of the Chief Officer, the Chief Officer shall order such vehicle, animal or boat to be delivered to such person upon payment by such person of the amount of the tax due if any, and of such additional amount by way of the cost of seizure and determination as the Chief Officer may determine.

Bye-law 6. (1) If any vehicle, animal or boat as is liable to the tax, —

- (a) ceases to be used or being kept for use in the Municipal area, or (b) is destroyed, or
- (c) is otherwise rendered unfit for use whether temporarily or permanently, a remission or

refund of the tax shall be allowed to the following extent: —

Number of consecutive days in the period of six months for which the vehicle, animal or boat is out of use	Remission or refund
(1)	(2)
1. Not less than 165 days	Full amount of tax.
2. Not less than 120 days	Two-third of the amount of tax.
3. Not less than 60 days	One-third of the amount of tax.

In the event of occurrence of any of the contingencies, specified in clause (i), the owner or the person in control or possession of the vehicle, animal or boat, shall forthwith give a notice in writing to the Chief Officer.

(3) When the circumstances under which a remission or refund can be claimed under clause (1), continue from one half year into another a fresh notice shall be given to the Chief Officer.

(4) No remission or refund shall be allowed under clause (1) for any period prior to the date on which notice under clause (2) or (3) is received by the Chief Officer.

Bye-law 7. (1) The Chief Officer shall maintain the assessment register in respect of the tax in which shall be entered from time to time. —

- (a) the names of persons liable to pay the tax;
- (b) a specification of the vehicle, animal or boat in respect of which each person is respectively liable for the tax;
- (c) the amount of tax payable by each person and the period for which it is payable;
- (d) the particulars of every composition made under section 140.

(2) The Chief Officer may from time to time make alterations or amendments in the list as may be required:

Provided that if the alteration or amendment involves the addition to the register of the name of any person not previously included in the register or the addition against the name of any person of any vehicle, animal or boat in respect of which he has not been heretofore been liable for the payment of the tax, the Chief Officer shall immediately notify such person of the addition, alteration or amendment made, and call upon him to put up his objection if any within a specific period.

(3) Any person whose name is entered in the assessment register as the person liable for the payment of the tax, or any agent of such person, may be permitted to inspect the register and take extracts therefrom free of charge.

(4) Any person whose name is not so entered in the assessment register may on payment of such fee as the Council may prescribe, be permitted by the Chief Officer to inspect the register and take extracts therefrom.

Bye-law 8. (1) Any person who has been shown in the assessment register as liable to pay the tax in respect of any vehicle, animal or boat, may at any

- (i) That he does not own or is not in possession or control of the vehicle, animal or boat in respect of which he has been held liable to pay the tax.
- (ii) That the vehicle, animal or boat for which he has been held liable to pay the tax is not in use and is not kept or used within the Municipal area.

(3) The Standing Committee, after allowing the objector, an opportunity of being heard in person or through his authorised agent, shall investigate and dispose of the objections and in the event of the objections being found valid, direct the Chief Officer to make also the necessary amendment in the Assessment list.

(2) The owner or the person in charge of any premises used for keeping vehicles, animals or boats shall whenever required furnish to the Chief Officer within such time as the Chief Officer may fix, with a written return, duly signed by such owner or person and showing the names and addresses of persons to whom the premises have been let out and the number of vehicles, animals or boats kept on

Bye-law 10. In any case in which the number of vehicles or animals kept.

(ii) by any person for hire or sale is liable to frequent variation, the Standing Committee may accept from such livery or stable-keeper or such persons such amount as the Standing Committee may consider reasonable, in composition of the amount of tax payable by such person by way of the Tax».

(Bye-law 1)

By order and in the name of the Administrator
of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Panaji, 9th November, 1971.

Addendum

CDB/COOP/MISC/1693/66-71

Goa, Daman and Diu, published in the Government Gazette Series I, No. 12 dated 19th June, 1969, at the end of the Regulation, the following forms shall be added: —

FORM 'A'

(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal

Register of Appeals

[illegible]

FORM 'B'
(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
Register of applications for Revision

Serial No.	Names of parties and their pleaders or agents if any	Date of the decision sought to be revised	Date of filing the application	Date of appearance of the opponent his pleader or his agent	Date of decision by the Tribunal	Final Order passed by the Tribunal	Whether decided unanimously or by majority	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

FORM 'C'
(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
Register of Applications for Restoration

Serial No.	Names of parties and their pleaders or agents if any	Date of the decision of the Tribunal by which Appeal or Application sought to be restored was decided ex-parte with No. and year	Date of filing the application	Date of appearance of the opponent his pleader or agent	Date of decision by the Tribunal	Final Order passed by the Tribunal	Whether decided unanimously or by majority	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

FORM 'D'
(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
Register of Applications for Review

Serial No.	Names of parties and their pleaders or agents if any	Date of order sought to be reviewed	Date of filing the application	Date of appearance of the opponent his pleader or agent	Date of the Order of the Tribunal	The Order passed by the Tribunal	Whether passed unanimously or by majority	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

FORM 'E'
(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
Register of Miscellaneous Applications

Serial No.	Name of the parties and their pleaders or agents if any	Date of order if any, in respect of which application is made	Date of filing the application	Substance of the application	Date of the Order of the Tribunal	The Order passed by the Tribunal	Whether passed unanimously or by majority	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

FORM 'F'
(See Regulation 8)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
Register of Unregistered Cases

Serial No.	Date of Receipts	Names of the parties	Date and no. of the order complained of	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5

FORM 'G'
(See Regulation 9)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
APPEAL
APPLICATION No. ... OF 197

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies

Please take note that the above named appellant has
appeal
filed an application for revision before this Tribunal against
the decision in No. ... of 197 ... of your file.

You are requested to send the record and proceedings of
appeal
the above application with all practicable despatch.

Given under my hand and seal of the Tribunal.

Date

By Order,

Seal

Registrar.

FORM 'H'
[See Regulation 29(3)]

Bill of Costs

(To be attached to the Judgement)

The Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
APPEAL
APPLICATION No. ... OF 197

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

By the Appellant
Applicant

By the Respondent
Opponent

Prepared by (Date)

Clerk

Seal

Examined

Clerk

By Order,
Registrar.

FORM 'I'
(See Regulation 38)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
APPEAL
APPLICATION No. ... OF 197

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To

The above named Appellant
Applicant

You have filed an appeal against the
application for revision
order of the ... in ... No. ... of 19 ... of his file.

It does not comply with provisions of the Maharashtra
Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 as applied to the Union
Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu and the rules and regu-
lations made thereunder in the following respects:—

2. You are hereby required to remedy the defects within
7 days of the receipt of this notice by you. If you fail, the
matter will be placed for orders before the Tribunal.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Tribunal.

Date

By Order,

Seal

Registrar.

FORM 'J'
(See Regulation 38)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal
APPEAL
APPLICATION No. ... OF 197

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To

The above named Appellant
Applicant

Take notice that the appeal
application for revision
against the decision of ... in ... No. ... of 19 ... of the file
of ... has been placed before the Tribunal for orders as it

is defective as already intimated to you. The tribunal will hear the matter on ... If you want to be heard, you should be present at the time of the hearing in person or through duly appointed agent. If you fail to do so, the Tribunal will pass suitable orders in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Tribunal.

Date By Order,
Seal Registrar.

FORM 'K'
(See Regulation 38)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal

APPEAL

No. ... OF 197

APPLICATION

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To,

The above named appellant
applicant

Take notice that the above appeal application for revision has been set down for hearing by the Tribunal on ... at 12 noon at Panaji ... to decide whether the appeal application should be admitted or not, and that you should attend on that day personally or through your duly appointed agent. On your failure to do so, the Tribunal will hear and decide the appeal/application ex-parte.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Tribunal.

Date By Order,
Seal Registrar.

FORM 'L'
(See Regulation 33)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal

APPEAL

No. ... OF 197

APPLICATION

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To,

The above named Respondent
Opponent

Take notice that the above named Appellant Applicant has filed appeal an before this Tribunal against the application for revision decision of the Registrar's nominee/Registrar of Cooperative Societies ... in arbitration case No. ... of 19 ... on the file of the Registrar of Cooperative Societies ... and that the Tribunal has fixed ... at 12 noon at Panaji ... as the

date of the hearing. The tribunal will hear it on that day or on a subsequent date to which it may adjourn it, after notifying the date on the notice board.

If you do not appear on the above date or dates, personally or through duly appointed agent, the Tribunal will hear and decide the appeal/application ex-parte.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Tribunal.

Date By Order,
Seal Registrar.

FORM 'M' (GENERAL)
(See Regulation 33)

Before the Goa, Daman and Diu Co-operative Tribunal

APPEAL

No. ... OF 19 ...

REVISION APPLICATION

Appellant;
Applicant;

versus

Respondent.
Opponent.

To,

The above named

This is to give you notice that the above mentioned.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Tribunal.

Date By Order,
Seal Registrar.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Abel do Rosario, Under Secretary (Development).
Panaji, 6th November, 1971.

Labour and Information Department

Mormugao Port Trust

Notification

MPT/IGA(E.806)/71

As required under Section 124(1) of the Major Port Trusts Act, 1963, it is hereby notified that the Central Government vide Ministry of Shipping and Transport's letter No. 7-PE(36)/71 dated the 13th September, 1971 have accorded approval to the amendment to the Mormugao Port Employees' (General Provident Fund) Regulations, 1964, published in the Official Gazette Nos. 16 and 17, Series I dated the 15th and 22nd July, 1971 respectively.

The amendment will be effective from the date of publication of this notification.

By order,

Shivakumar Dhindaw
Secretary

Mormugao, 30th September, 1971.

Notification

MPT/IGA(E.344)/71

As required under Section 142(2) of the Major Port Trusts Act, 1963, the amendments to various Regulations adopted by the Board of Trustees are hereby published: —

I. Amendment to the Mormugao Port Employees (Medical Attendance) Regulations, 1969.

Substitute the words "Chief Medical Officer" for the words "Medical Officer" wherever occurring in the Mormugao Port Employees (Medical Attendance) Regulations, 1969.

II. Amendment to the Mormugao Port Employees (Pension & Gratuity) Regulations, 1966.

Substitute the words "Chief Medical Officer" for the words "Medical Officer" wherever occurring in the Mormugao Port Employees (Pension and Gratuity) Regulations, 1966.

III. Amendment to the Mormugao Port Employees (Supplementary Leave) Regulations, 1966.

Substitute the words "Chief Medical Officer" for the words "Medical Officer" wherever occurring in the Mormugao Port Employees (Supplementary Leave) Regulations, 1966.

IV. Amendment to the Mormugao Port Employees (Leave) Regulations, 1964.

Substitute the words "Chief Medical Officer" for the words "Medical Officer" wherever occurring in the Mormugao Port Employees (Leave) Regulations, 1964.

By order,

Shivakumar Dhindaw
Secretary

Mormugao, 30th September, 1971.